KOWALCZYK, Jan; SPIAWINSKI, Jan

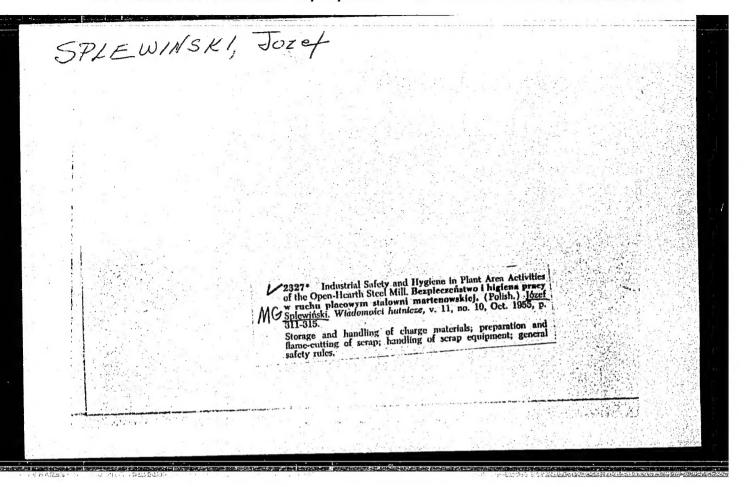
Results of isonicotinic acid hydrazide therapy of osteoarticular tuberculosis and of its complications in children. Gruzlicz 23 no.7:493-504 July '55.

1. Z II Kliniki Chirurgicznej A M w Krakowie. Kierownik: prof.
dr K. Michejda i z Panstwowego Sanatorium dla Dzieci Grusliczych
im. dr Zeylanda. w Zakopanem; kierownik: prof dr K. Michejda i
z Panstwowego Sanatorium dla Dzieci Gruzliczych im. Dr. Zeylanda
w Zakopanem Kierownik: dr J. Splawinski. Warszawa, Plocka 26.

(TUBERCUIOSIS, OSTEOARTICULAR, in infant and child,
ther.isoniazid)

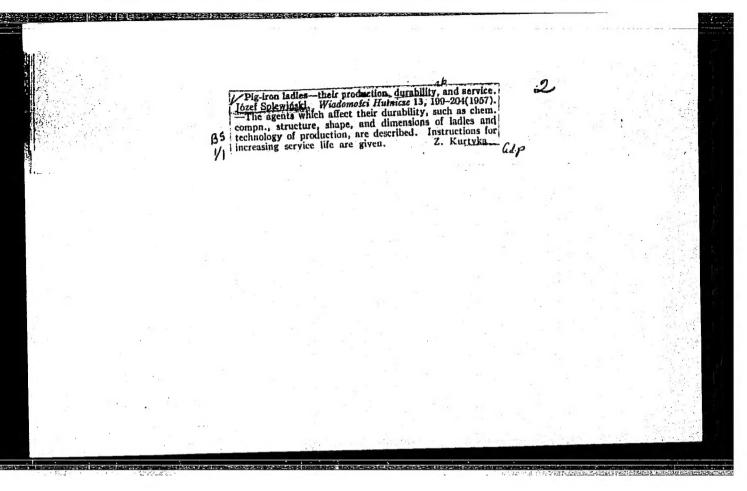
(NICOTINIC ACIDISOMERS, therepeutic use, isoniazid in osteoarticular tuberc. in child)

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| Producers. (Polish) fozer spiral   |               |
| 5917* Criteria for Sufety and Hygiene in Operation of Gas Producers. Wakazowki hezpieczeństwa i higieny pracy na ezadnienech. (Polish.) lózef Spienwiński, Wiadomości Hutnicze, v. 10, no. 11, Nov. 1954, p. 321-323. Ulfferent gas producers; proper operation. Diagrams.   | 01            |
| ezadnicach. (Polisb.) 154, p. 321-323. v. 10, no. 11, Nov. 1954, p. 321-323. Different gas producers; proper operation. Diagrams.  |               |
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SPLEWINSKI, Jozef, mgr inz.

Sources for rational steel and material management. Wiad hut 15 no. 7/8:226-229 Jl-Ag '64.



SPLEWINSKI, Jozef, mgr inz.

Problems of material economizing. Wiad hut 18 no.10:317-320 0 '62.

1. Zjednoczenie Hutnictwa Zelaza i Stali, Katowice.

PRINAR, Premysl; KURETOVA, Vers; NOVAKOVA, Olga; ROUBAL, Frantisek; SPLICHAL, Alois

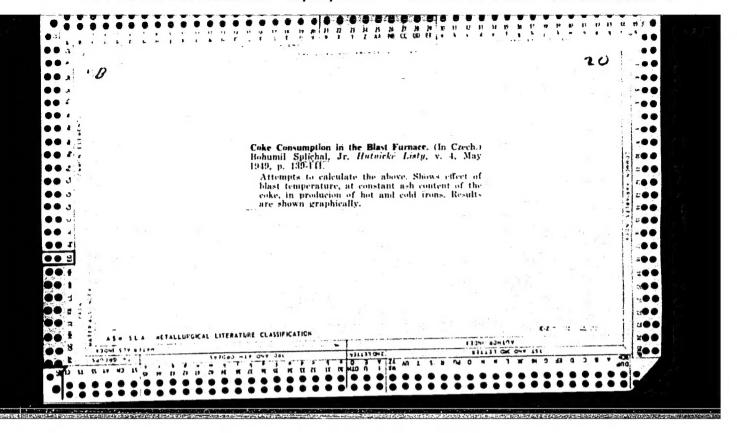
Health conditions of uranium ore sorters. Pracovni. lek. 12 no.3: 125-129 Ap '60.

1. Zavodni ustav narodniho zdravi Jachymovskych dolu, n.p., Pribram.

(URANIUM)

SPLEWIMSKI, Jozef, mgr inz.

The technological conditions of the working place. Wiad hut 15 no.9:290-293 S 159.

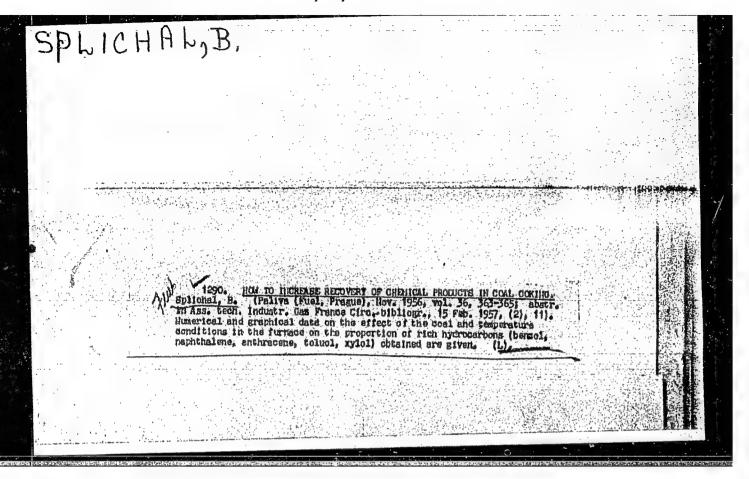


STALGEL, F.

The coke industry helps agriculture. p. 282.

Vol. 5, No. 9, Sept. 1955 HITMIK Praha, Gzechoslovakia

Source: East European Accession List. Library of Congress Vol. 5, No. 3, August 1956



CTLICHAL, B.

Today's conditions and the need for literature concerning the coke industry. p. 85. (Paliva, Vol. 37, No. 3, Mar 1957, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, No. 8, Aug 1957. Uncl.

CZECHOSLOWAKIA / Chemical Tachnology. Chemical Products and Their Applications. Chemical Processing of Solid Fossil Fuels.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, 1959, No 4, 13122.

Author : Splichal, B. Inst : Not given.

: New Directions in the Organization of Chemical Title

Works in Coking Plants.

Orig Pub: Paliva, 1958, 38, No 4, 137-152.

Abstract: A review is given of methods of organizing chemical works in coking plants of the USSR, USA, Belgium and other countries. A description is given of a project for an automatic chemical works in a Czechoslovakian plant. -- Ya. Satunov-

skiy.

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SPLICHAL, B.

"Theory and production of shaped coke."

HUTNICKE LIGTY, Brno, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 14, No. 6, June 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 9, September 1959. Unclassified.

. Haddw., A.

"What is new in the French coke industry?"

PALIVA, Proha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 37, No. 5, May 1959.

Monthly List of East Auropean Accessions (EMAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 9, September 1957. Unclassified.

SPLICHAL, Bohumil, inz.

News on the operation of Soviet coking plants. Hut listy 16 no.2:77-87 F \*61.

1. Ministerstvo hutniho prumyslu a rudnych dolu, odbor technicky rozvoj.

SPLICITAL, Bohumil, inz. C.Sc. Oil addition to the charge for coking. Hut listy 16 no.9:609-617 S 161. 1. Ministerstvo hutniho prumyslu a rudnych dolu, Praha.

SPLICHAL, B., inz., C.Sc.

Present mechanization and automation of the Soviet coke-oven batteries and coke-serting plants. Paliva 41 no.4:131-144 Ap '61.

1. Ministersvo hutniho prumyslu a rudnych dolu, odbor technicky  $\mathtt{rozvoj}_{\bullet}$ 

SPLICHAL, B., doc., inz., C.Sc.

"Gas and coke plant handbook" by R.Riedl and others. Reviewed by B. Splichal. Hut listy 18 no.4:304 Ap '63.

SPLICHAL, B., doc., inz., CSc.

"Improving the quality of coke from low-coking coals" by Kudela, Charvat. Reviewed by B.Splichal. But listy 18 no.11: 835 Nº63.

SPLICHAL, B., doc., inz., C.Sc.

Considering the outlook of the Czechoslovak coking industry. Pavliva 43 no.2:33-36 F 163.

1. Vysoka skola banska, katedra koksarenstvi.

SPLICHAL, B., doc. inz. CSc.

Second National Conference of the Coke Industry in Ostrava. Paliva 44 no.12:373-374 D '64.

SPLICHAL, Jan

The VL cylindrical ice generator. Prum potravin 14 no.1:21-25 Ja '63.

1. Ceskomoravska-Kolben-Danek, n.p., Chocen.

5/081/62/000/020/019/040 B158/B101

AUTHORS:

Pekar, Jaroslav, Šplíchal, Karel

TITLE:

Production of glass fibers by drawing from a melt

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 20, 1962, 362, abstract 20K289 (Czechoslovak patent 99160, March 15, 1961)

TEXT: Individual glass fibers, drawn from a spinneret, are sorted into 2 or more identical bunches which are bonded into yarns on separate greasing devices. Two or several yarns are wound onto the same bobbin of a receiving device. The procedure enables inadequate greasing to be overcome and eliminates breakage of separate threads on working units when a fiber containing a large number (more than 100) of elementary threads is being drawn. Abstracter's note: Complete translation.

Card 1/1

"Ataractic-Potentiated Medication in Stomatology."

Prague, Activitas Nervosa Superior, Vol 5, No 2, May 63; pp 224-225.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000 blin CIA-RDP86-00513R001652720017-0"
Abstract: Discursive reportinging drugs with other adults of various combinations of tranquilizing drugs with other premedication for dental care. Meprobamate with benactyzine were recommended; in hyperactive children motor restlessness was best depressed with meprobamate + dichlorpromazine. Optimal dosages are now being determined.

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ES/WW/JD/JG L 11340-65 EPF(n)-2/EWP(t)/EWP(b) Pu-4 2/0038/64/000/008/0287/0291 ACCESSION NR: AP4043931 Splichal, Karel AUTHOR: SOURCE: Jaderna energie, no. 8, 1964, 287-291 TOPIC TAGS: uranium electroplating, uranium nickel plating, uranium copper plating, uranium chromium plating, uranium tin plating uranium corrosion, uranium corrosion protection, uranium magnesium bonding ABSTRACT: Uranium specimens 5.9 mm in diameter and 4 mm and 100 mm long were electroplated with nickel, copper, chromium, and tin. In short specimens only the faces were plated; long specimens were plated all around. Satisfactory nickel coatings were obtained from several electrolytes as well as by the electroless plating. Also the electroplating with copper, chromium, and tin produced satisfactory quality coatings. Adhesion of the nickel and copper coatings

L 11340-65 ACCESSION NR: AP4043931 can be further improved by annealing at 600C. This treatment forms a diffusion layer between uranium and coating. Both copper and nickel coating were successfully tested as intermediary layers in diffusion bonding of uranium to magnesium. Copper and electroless nickel coatings were found very effective in protecting uranium against oxidation during forging and heat treatment. Both nickel coatings protect uranium effectively against corrosion by boiling water, electroless plating being twice as effective as the electrolytic. Orig. art. has: 3 figures and 2 tables: ASSOCIATION: Ustav jaderneho vyzkumu CSAZ, Rez (Institute of Nuclear Research, CSAV) 00

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ENCL:

SUB CODE:

NO REF SOV: 000

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# SPLITER, R.

TEC: NOLOGY

Periodical HUTNICKE LISTY. Vol. 10, no. 11, Nov. 1955.

SPLITER, R. Contribution to the derivation polarography. Determination of sodium in rawmaterials, scmi-products, and by-products of the aluminum industry. p. 643.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EFAI) LC, Vol. 8, no. 3, March, 1959. Uncl.

SPLITEK, R.

Potentiometric determination of chromium and vanadium in bauxite and bauxite micas, red sediments, and aluminum alkalies. p. 489. (Hutnicke Listy, Vol. 11, no. 8, August 1956. Brno, Czechoslovakia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions. (EEAL) LC. Vol. 6, No. 6, June 1957. Uncl.

# SPLITOIS RuberF

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Analytical Chemistry - Analysis of Inorganic Chemis- E-2

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 3, 1958, No 7575

Author

: Splitck Rudolf

Inst

Title

: Complexometric Determination of Free Oxide and Hydroxide of

Calcium in the Presence of Calcium Combined in the Form of

Silicates, Aluminates and Carbonates.

Orig Pub: Hutnicke listy, 1957, 12, No 6, 524-526

Abstract : A rapid and accurate method for the CaO and Ca(OH)2 determination is described in the presence of the silicate, carbonate and aluminate of Ca. The nethod is based on a selective solubility of CaO and Ca(OH)2 in a mixture of aceto-

acetic ester (I) with isobutyl alcohol (II). A finely powdered weighed sample of the material to be analyzed containing  $\leq$  25 mg. CaO+Ca (OH)<sub>2</sub> is boiled for 1 hour with a mixture of 3 ml. of (I) and 20ml. of (II) using a reflux condenture ser, cooled and filtered. The flask and undissolved residue

is washed 4 times with 5 ml. of (II). The filtrate and

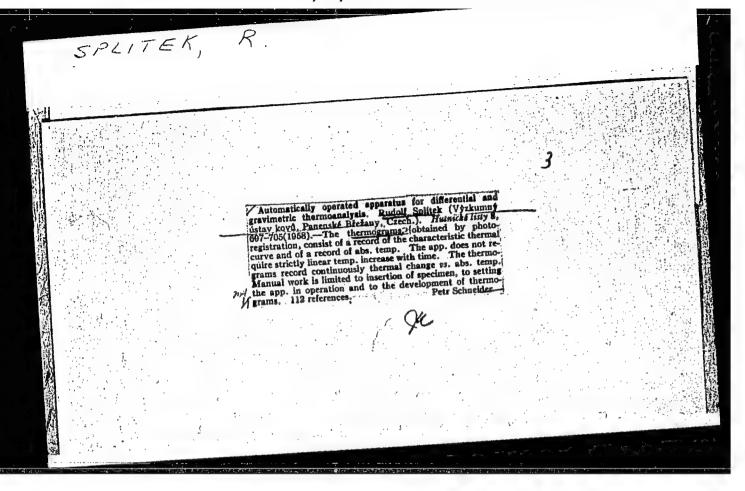
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Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 3, 1958, No 7575

APPROVED HOP, RELEASE, dos/25/2006d solution is added 15 ml. of 10% NaOH solution, a little of the mixture of 0.1 N HC1. To

NaCl (1:100) and titrated with 0.05 M complexone III solution to the color change pink to light blue. The time re-

quired for the determination is 1.5 hours.



Z/034/61/000/007/005/007 E073/E335

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1087,2408

AUTHOR:

Splitck, Rudolf, Engineer

TITLE:

Manufacture of High-purity Aluminium for Semiconductor

Use

PERIODICAL:

Hutnické listy, 1961, No. 7, p. 513

TEXT: A technological specification was worked out for manufacturing aluminium for semiconductor use by means of a method of zone-refining. This is done on automatic equipment designed at the VUK (Metals Research Institute), using high-frequency heating by means of currently-produced high-frequency oscillators. The refining proceeds automatically in a quadruple zone of ingots weighing 750 g with a yield of 60-65% and a manufacturing capacity of 5-6 g/h. The widths of the a manufacturing capacity of 5-6 g/h. The widths of the individual zones are controlled automatically by means of short-circuited water-cooled turns. Quality-control specifications were also evolved for determining the contents of Cu, Fe and Mg in the zone-refined metal. The resulting aluminium has a purity of the following order: contents of Fe and Mg below

10 x 10-4%; Cu content below 5 x 10-4% and only traces of Si Card 1/2

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Z/034/61/000/007/005/007 E073/E335

Manufacture of High-purity ....

were detected by means of spectrum analysis.
(Abstracter's note: this is a complete translation)

Card 2/2

z/034/62/000/007/002/004 E112/E335

Splitek, Rudolf, Candidate of Sciences, Engineer AUTHOR:

Zone-refining of aluminium TITLE:

Card 1/3

rERIODICAL: Hutnické listy, no. 7, 1962, 495 - 503

Following laboratory experiments of the  $\mathtt{Vyzkumn}$ y ústav sdelovací techniky A.S. Popova (A.S. Popov Communications TEXT: Engineering Research Institute), experiments on a larger scale were carried out to purify aluminium for semiconductor use. The initial material was 99.99% pure and contained 15 ppm Cu, 20 ppm Fe and 40 ppm Mg which was purified to comply with the specifications for semiconductor material, i.e. to reduce the content of contaminants to below 5 ppm with Si below 1 ppm. About 60 to 65% of the length of the refined ingots was of this purity. The work was based on the assumption, subsequently proved true, that it would not be possible to refine ingots in tubes of dimensions exceeding 50 mm in diameter and 600 mm in length. Three types of moving equipment, two of which were prototypes produced by VUK and one a modified series-manufactured type by TOS Čelákovice, Rychnov n. Nisou, were used. One of the

z/034/62/000/007/002/004 E112/E335

Zone-refining of aluminium

types is fitted with automatic reversal after melting cycle. equipment enables refining to be carried out simultaneously in three or even four zones. Aluminium ingots (750 - 800 g) are placed into graphite boats (600 mm long, 45 mm in diameter), encased in a quartz tubing (50/57 x 1 000 mm). The graphite boats are made from purest British nuclear graphite (Morganite Link this was found to be superior to Soviet material, which, although purer, was considerably coarser in structure, more difficult to work and gave rise to brittleness. The graphite boats were finally purified by heating at 1 200 °C in a current of Cl<sub>2</sub> and then in a current of H2. The zone-refining process proper was carried out in an atmosphere of pure nitrogen. The length of the melted zone was restricted by heat sinks. The channel melting space was inclined 1.5° in the zoning direction. Refining was complete after 20 passes (rate of pass: 50 mm/h). The length of the melted zones (50 - 60 mm) was kept constant by an automatic

Card 2/3

control. Analytical methods for the assay of the refined metal are described. Copper was determined with Cupral, iron APPROVED FOR RELEASE in 08/25/2000 Methods amoling for hydroxide With described and results of analyses are described and results of analyses are described and results of analyses are described and results of analyses. There are 6 figures.

ASSOCIATION:

Výzkumný ústav kovů, Panenské Brežany

(Metal Research Institute, Panenské Břežany)

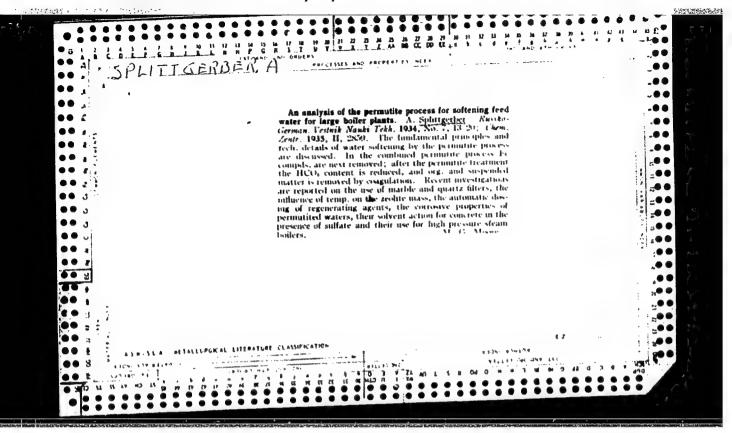
SUBMITTED:

October 30, 1961

SPLITEK, R., inz. CSc.

"Zone melting" by W. G.Pfann. Reviewed by R. Splitek.

Hut listy 19 no. 2: 152 F '64.



#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001652720017-0 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

HUNGARY / Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and H-5 Their Application. Water Treatment.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 1, 1959, 1709.

: Splittgerber, A.

: Contemporary Concepts Concerning the Relationship Author Inst Title

Between the Alkalinity of Drinking Water, Corrosion and Clogging of Turbines With Salts and Sil-

icic Acid.

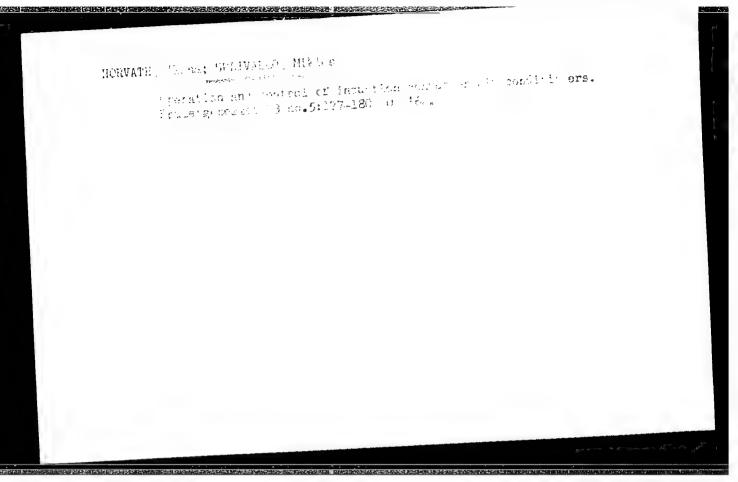
Orig Pub: Energia es Atomtechn., 1957, 10, No 8-10,

508-516.

Abstract: A reviewing report.

Card 1/1

CIA-RDP86-00513R001652720017-0" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000



! ACC NR: AP6036061

SOURCE CODE: UR/0432/66/000/005/0015/0017

AUTHOR: Spynu, G. A. (Candidate of technical sciences); Shlykov, N. N.; Zlenko, Ye. G.

ORG: none

TITLE: Computer readout devices for data concerning the geometry of an article

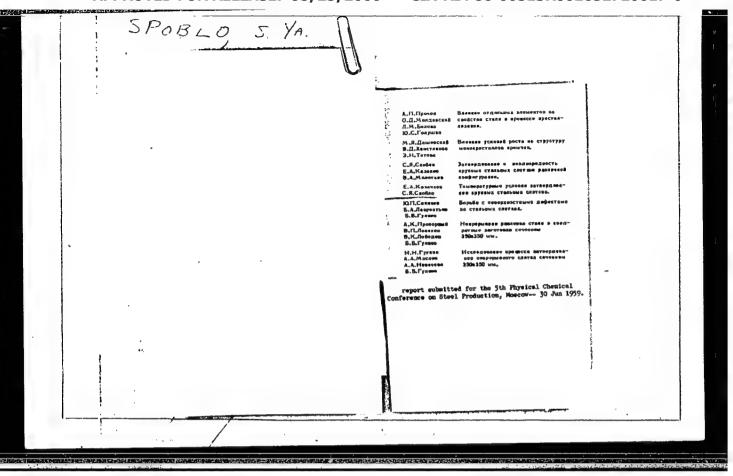
SOURCE: Mekhanizatsiya i avtomatizatsiya upravleniya, no. 5, 1966, 15-17

TOPIC TAGS: computer output unit, graphic data processing, computize technique, data readout

ABSTRACT: The operating principles of graphic data readout devices for computers are briefly reviewed. The first Soviet devices of this type are mentioned and the general requirements for graphic output devices are formulated. In 1959 the Institute of Automatics of the Ministry of Instrument Building, Means of Automation and Control Systems of the SSSR developed the first device for reading out information on the geometry of an article from an interpolater. The drive consisted of miniature step motors which rotate the lead screws and the moving parts. The control system was open and discrete, the unit step was 0.2 mm, and the displacement velocity along the contour was 1.5 meters/min. On the basis of this device, the Institute of Automation in cooperation with the Institute of Cybernetics of the Ukrainian Academy of Sciences developed an experimental device for graphic reproduction which was subsequently improv-

Card 1/2

UDC: 681.142.62



Statistically A. I.

MATTVEYEVA, R. H. Arkh. i IVAHOV, K. A. Kand. Arkh., SPOCHINSKAYA, A. I. Kand. Arkh.

Nauchno-icolod-ovatel'skiy institut arkhitektury i promyshlennykh soornzheriy akademii arkhitektury SSSR

Arkhitektura Vysotnykh obshchestvennykh zdaniy moskvy

Page 7h

SO: Collections of Annotations of Scientific Research Work on Construction. completed in 1950.

Moscow, 1951

# SPODAR, Mieczyslaw

Activities of the Cracow Branch of the Section of Small Business of the Association of Polish Mechanical Engineers. Przegl drob wytworcz 12 no. 5:12-13 March '62.

Seeds of the Siberian Cedar

Orig Pub : Tr. po lesn. kh-vu Zap. Sibiri. Zap.-Sib. fil AN SSSR,

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001652720017-0"

Abstract : No abstract givon

Card 1/1

KUTSENKO, V.N.; SHKLOVSKIY, M.Ya.; SPODAREV, Yu.P.; USTINOV, V.P., dotsent

Erecting precast concrete 55 m. spans. Transp. stroi. 14 no.8:14-18 Ag '64. (MIRA 18:1)

1. Glavnyy inzh. Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo stroitel®nomontazhnogo tresta No.2 (for Kutsenko). 2. Glavnyy takhnolog Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo stroitel®no-montazhnogo tresta No.2 (for Shklovskiy). 3. Starshiy inzh. Novosibirskogo instituta inzhenerov zheleznodorozhnogo transporta (for Spodarev).

KOLOMIYETS, I.D.; SPODENEYKO, I.N.; STEBLYUK, A.P., inzh.

Laying of switches by the push-on method. Fut' i put. khoz. 9 no.2; 12-13 '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Nachal'nik Poltavskoy distantsii Yuzhnoy dorogi (for Kolomiyets).
2. Zamestitel' nachal'nika Poltavskoy distanstsii Yuzhnoy dorogi (for Spodeneyko). 3. Poltavskaya distantsiya, Yuzhnoy dorogi (for Steblyuk).

The state of the s

POLAND/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their Applications. Dyeing and Chemical Treatment of

K-6

Textiles.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1958, 6675

Author : Spodenkiewicz , it

Inst : Title : Dyeing of Wool into Khaki by Use of Mordant Acid Dyes

with Simultaneous Chroming.

Orig Pub : Przem. wlokienniczy, 1957, 11, No 3, Biul. Inst.

wlokiennctwa, 6.

Abstract : Wool dyeing by a process wherein uncarbonized and car-

bonized wool were chromed and dyed simultaneously with a mixture of chrome dyes, namely, yellow 2G, bordeaux 2G, and anthraquinone dark brown C, was carried out successfully. The fabric proved to have a strength 15% superior to that of fabric made out of wool dyed by the

afterchrome method.

Card 1/1

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001652720017-0 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

Country : Poland H-39 Catogory= : Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Applications. -- Dyeing & Chem. Treatment of Text. 41024 Abs. Jour.: R. M. No. 11, 1959 Materials. Author : Spodenki vios, A. Institut. : Not Time Title : On the Reaching of Cotton-Viscose Mixed Fabrics Orig. Pub.: Wlokiennictwo, 5, No 10, 232-233 (1956) Abstract : The characteristics of viscose fabrics and of

viscose-based mixed fabrics are discussed together with the difficulties encountered in their bleaching. The formulation for the bleaching of viscose white fabrics is as follows: aging with Diastafor at a concentration of 5 gms/liter for 12 hrs at 55-60°; boiling with 2.2% NaOH, 1.1% Petepon G, and 1% soda for 9 hrs after a temperature of 100° has been reached, followed by rinsing, chlorination with hypochlorite containing 1.5-1.7 gm active Cl per liter, rinsing, and acidification with H<sub>2</sub> SO, (3.6-4.2 gms/liter) for 4 hrs.

Card: 1/1

I. Fodiman

# SPODENKIEWICZ, Jerzy

Trends of the production of knitting machines in socialist countries. Przegl wlokien 17 no. 3: Supplement: Biul przem dziew i poncz 1 no. 1: 1-2 Mr 163.

NOWICKI, A.; SPODENKIEWICZ, K.; MICHALOWICZ, A.

Selective Brill-Ssymkiewics culture medium for Brysipelothrix rhusiopathiae in every day laboratory practice. Med. dosw. mikrob., rhusiopathiae in every day laboratory practice. (CIML 23:3) Warsz. 4 no. 3:326-327 1952.

1. Summary of work progress presented at 11th Congress of Polish Microbiologists held in Krakow May 1951. 2. Lods.

# "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

# CIA-RDP86-00513R001652720017-0

SOUTHER CODE: PO/0046/65/010/003/0165/0175 L 5112-66 AUTION: Spodenkiowicz, Teresa-Spodenkevich, T.; Gawronski, Andrzej-Gavron'sai, OPG: Department of Radiological Protection, Institute of Industrial Medicine, Lodz (Zaklad Ochrony Radiologicznej, Instytutu Medycyny Pracy) THTE: Method of using determination of sup 222 Rn in the expired air SOURCE: Eukleonika, v. 10, no. 3, 1965, 165-175 TOPIC TAGS: radiation biologic effect, radioisotope, radium, radon, radiation protection, radioactive contamination, hygiene, radiation desiretry, radiation detector REPACT: A rethod of evaluating the 226Ra retention in the body by determination of Alternation in the expired air is described. Tonization chambers were prepared, connected in a compensating system, with the Zoiss electrometer type ETP. Determinations were carried out in 30 persons not exposed professionally. The results obtained were used for calculating the sensitivity of the method, which amounted to 0.08 x 10-70226Ra in the body. Determinations were made on 154 persons working in contact with the luminous paints containing 220pa. The contaminations detected did not exceed the figures accepted as safe levels. Orig. art. has: 4 figures, 5 tables. [M] SUB CODE: NP, LS / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 002 / OTH REF: 2901060

POLAND

LINIECKI, J., KARNIEWICZ, W., and SPODENKIEWICZ, T., Institute of Occupational Hedicine /Original-language version not given/.

"On the Dominant Cause of Individual Variation in Cs137 Body Content"

Warsaw, Nukleonika, Vol 11, No 6, 1966, pp 455-458

Abstract: Approximate values of biological half-life of caesium (long-life component) were calculated from the data on body burden and excretion of Cs<sup>1</sup>37 in eight young healthy adults, assuming a state of metabolic equilibrium or close to it. Significant correllations between body content and half-life have been found.

The article is printed in English and contains 2 Tables, 2 Figures and 8 references (2 Polish. and 6 Western). Received 28 December 1965.

ZHEGALIN,I.K.; PUSTYGIN, A.A., glav. agronom; SPODENYUK, N.I.;

EYKOV,N.I.; REDIN, P.N., glav. agronom; LOGVIN, N.P., Geroy Sotsialisticheskogo Truda; GUSEV, I.D.; PETROV, S.N.; VLASOV, A.N., glav. zootekhnik; SHEREMET, L.D., glav. bukhgalter; SKAKUNOV, N.V., glav. inzh.; SHUMILIN, V.S., glav. inzh.; CHERNORUBASHKIN, N.A., kombayner; DRYABO, N.Ye.; ZABNEV, V.F., redaktor; SHIROKOV, B.G.; SHEPELEV, M.A.; LEONOVA, T.S.; SAYTANIDI, L.D., tekhn. red.

[Hundred million poods of grain from Stalingrad Province] 100 millionov pudov stalingradskogo khleba. Moskva, Izd-vp M-va sel'.khoz. RSFSR, 1960. 133 p. (MIRA 14:9)

l. Pervyy sekretar: Stalingradskogo oblastnogo komiteta Kommunisticheskoy partii Sovetskogo Soyuza (for Zhegalin). 2. Oblastnoye upravleniye sel'skogo khozyaystva Stalingradskoy oblasti (for Pustygin). 3. Nekhayevskiy rayonnyy komitet Kommunisticheskoy partii Sovetskogo Soyuza (for Spodenyuk). 4. Nachal'nik Kotel'nikovskoy rayonnoy sel'skekhozyaystvennoy inspektsii, Krayniy Yugo-vostok(for Bykov). 5. Kolkhoz "Deminskiy" Novo-Annenskogo rayona, Stalingradskoy oblasti (for Redin). 6. Predsedatel' kolkhoza "Zavety Il'icha" Kalininskogo rayona (for Logvin). 7. Nachal'nik Novo-Annenskoy rayonnoy sel'skokhozyaystvennoy inspektsii (for Gusev). 8. Direktor sovkhoza imeni Frunze Serafimovichskogo rayona Stalingradskoy oblasti (for Petrov). 9. Stalingradskoy oblastnoye upravleniye sel'skogo khozyaystva (for Vlasov). 10. Sovkhoz "Dinamo" Nekhayevskogo rayona Stalingradskoy oblasti (for Sheremet). (Continued on next card)

ZHEGALIN, I.K. (continued) Card 2.

11. Oblastnoye upravleniye sel'skogo khozyaystva Stalingradskoy oblasti (for Skakunov). 12. Sovkhoz "Verkhne-Buzincvskiy" Stalingradskoy oblasti (for Shumilin). 13. Otdeleniye No.6 sovkhoza "Serebryakovskiy" Mikhaylovskogo rayona Stalingradskoy oblasti (for Cherno-rubashkin). 14. Zven'yevoy kolkhoza imeni Lenina Zhirnovskogo rayona Stalingradskoy oblasti (for Dryabo). 15. Danilovskaya rayonnaya gazeta "Kolkhoznoye znamya" Stalingradskoy oblasti (for Zabnev). 16. Zamestitel' predsedatelya oblastnogo ispolnitel'nogo komiteta Stalingradskoy oblasti (for Shirokov).

(Volgagrad Province-Grain)

Supportrophic apicie stensis. Current status of rational to Pediatria (Bucur) 14 no.1:73-76 Ja-F'65.

Lacrare efectuata in Servicial de radiologia, Spitatri ciliti de rapii al Buionului "30 Decembria" (director: c mf. ). Ferroscom Coman).

GRYGEREK, Ye. [Grygerek, E.]; GILL'BRIKHT, A. [Hillbrycht, A.]; SPODNEVSKAYA, I. [Spodniewska, I.]

Changes in the planktonic biocenosis under the influence of predatory fishes controlling the pond medium. Vop. ekol. 5:46-47 '62. (MIRA 16:6)

1. Institut ekologii Pol'skoy AN Varshava.
(Fishes) (Plankton)

## SPODNIEWSKA, I.

The population in one-and two species cultures of algae and its initial destiny. p. 35.

EKOLOGIA POLSKA. SERIA B. (Polska Akademia Nauk. Komitet Ekologicnzy) Warszawa, Poland. Vol. 5, no. 1, 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 9, no. 2, Feb. 1960

Uncl.

SPODNIEWSKA, Irena

Discussion meeting on the overgrowing of waters. Kosmos biol 13 no.1:96-98 \*64

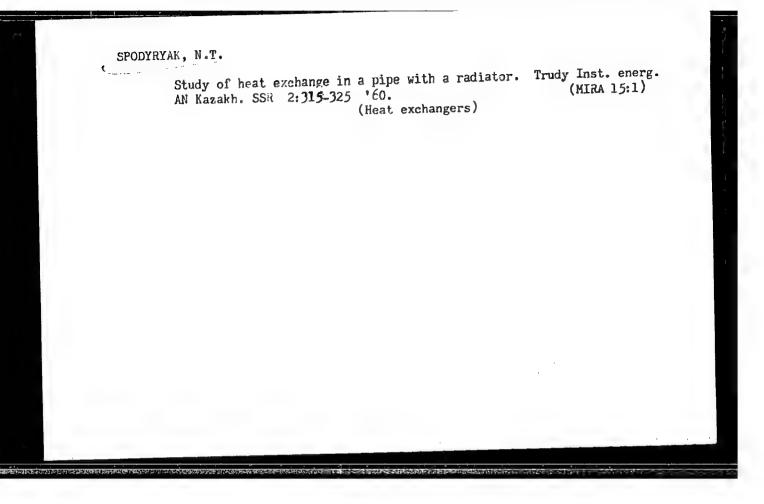
Dissertation: "Intensification of Heat Exchange in Gas Tipes of Poilers and Tulular Air Freneaters." Cand Toch Sci, Inst of Fower Engineering, Acad Sci Kazakh, SSR, Alls-Ata, 1953. (Feferativnyy Zhurnsl--Khiriya, Mos.ow, No. 4, Fet 54)

20: 20M 243, 19 Oct 1954

SPODYRYAK, N.T.: KRAMARENKO, A.A.

Investigation of heat exchange and resistance in the annular channel of a pipe with an internal radiator. Izv. AN Kazakh. SSR. Ser.energ. (MIRA 12:11) no.1:71-80 '59. (Thermodynamics)

Some data pertaining to heat transfer in an annular channel with an external radiator. Izv.AN Kazakh.SSR Ser.energ. no.2:104-111 '60. (MIRA 13:7) (Boilers) (Heat--Transmission)



S/143/60/000/010/009/011 A189/A026

AUTHOR:

Spodyryak, N. T., Candidate of Technical Sciences

TITLE:

Intensification of heat transfer by the use of radiators

PERIODICAL: Energetika, no. 10, 1960, 93-103

TEXT: The paper was presented on a technical and scientific conference of schools of higher learning [Abstracter's Note: neither date nor place of the conference is given. It discusses the use of solid radiators, placed either inside or outside, to intensify the heat transfer of heat exchangers. The use of radiators in heat exchangers is especially advantageous because they can be made of any low-cost materials, e.g.: ceramics, asbestos cement, fireclay, etc., and thus replace high-cost heating surfaces made of alloy steels. The internal radiator consists of a cylindrical rod placed concentrically inside a tube. The external radiator consists of a surface enclosing a tube and forming an annular gap for the gas flow. Both versions of the radiator can also be used for heating the flow in special-type air heaters. The heat transfer-balance equation for one m<sup>2</sup> of the radiator surface is:

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Intensification of heat transfer...

 $\alpha_r(T_f - T_r) = C\left[\left(\frac{T_r}{100}\right)^4 - \left(\frac{T_t}{100}\right)^4\right]$  (1)

where  $\alpha_r$  - convection factor of heat transfer from the gas to the radiator;  $T_f$ ,  $T_r$  and  $T_t$  - mean logarithmic temperatures of flow, radiator and tube; and C - relative degree of blackness of the tube and radiator. The following dependence is derived by transforming the balance equation (1), at the same heat-transfer coefficients from the gas to the tube and the rod:

same heat-transfer coefficients from the gas to the tube and the rod:  $\frac{\partial \underline{g}}{\partial t} = K = 1 + \gamma \frac{d_{\mathbf{r}}}{d_{\mathbf{t}}} \qquad (2)$  where  $\gamma = \frac{\Delta t_{\mathbf{r}}^f}{\Delta t_{\mathbf{m}}^f}$  - coefficient of the radiator thermal efficiency;  $\Delta t_{\mathbf{r}}^f$  and

 $\Delta t_{m}^{f}$  - mean logarithmic difference of temperatures between flow and radiator, and between flow and tube;  $\alpha_{g}$  and  $\alpha$  - heat transfer coefficients in the annular gap and in the hollow tube; and K - the ratio of the common heat transfer coefficient in the annular gap to the heat transfer coefficient in the hollow tube. The value of  $\gamma$  depends on the Boltzman criterion:

 $Bo = \frac{\alpha_r - 100}{c(\frac{Tt}{100})^3}$ 

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Intensification of heat transfer...

This dependence is shown graphically in Figure 2. and on the ratio: The graph (Fig. 2) shows that the thermal efficiency of the radiator heating surface increases as the Boltzman criterion (Bo) is decreasing. The Bo value sharply decreases as the tube wall temperature  $(T_{
m t})$  increases. This leads to the increase of the radiator thermal efficiency. Consequently, it is more convenient to use radiators at a high wall temperature, e. g.: the coefficient of the radiator thermal efficiency reaches 0.85 - 0.9 at 1,000°C tube wall temperature. Preliminary calculations indicate an increase of the heat transfer coefficient by 2.5 - 3 times for high-temperature air heaters when used with exterior radiators. The reliability of the calculations above described have been confirmed by experimental investigations carried out on a special stand under laboratory conditions. The internal radiators have been used for the last 7 years for locomotive boilers working stationary. The use of internal radiators has increased 3 - 4 times the heat transfer in the tubular section of these boilers; the efficiency of the re-built boilers has increased from 55 - 60 to 80-83 %; and the temperature of wastegases dropped to 180 - 190°C. Data obtained from the typical developments of the "GIPROPROMTRANSSTROY" indicate that the steam cost is noticeably lower from

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Intensification of heat transfer...

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boilers equipped with radiators than from the same boilers equipped with water economizers. Estimated building cost for boilerhouses equipped with stationary locomotive boilers is less by 29 %, and steam cost by 23 %, than for boilerhouses equipped with AKB(DKV) boilers. There are 7 figures and 2 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Institut energetiki AN Kazakhskoy SSR (Power Engeneering Institute of the Kazakhskaya SSR)

SUBMITTED: January 9, 1960

Card 4/6

SPODYRYAK, N.T.; CHERNOV, A.P.; FAVORSKIY, V.V.; SALTYKOV, P.I. Experience in burning Ekibastuz coals in fuel bed furnaces. Trudy Inst.energ.AN Kazakh.SSR 3:178-189 61. (MIRA 14:12) (Ekibastuz Basin.-Coal)

PAVLOV, O.V.; SPODYRYAK, N.T.; Prinimali uchastiye: BYSTRIKINA, F.M.; MIKHAL'SKAYA, L.M.; GULAK, L.A.

Investigating the coals of the Kumyskuduk deposit of the Upper Sokur coal-bearing region. Izv. AN Kazakh. SSR. Ser. tekh. i khim. nauk no.2:111-115 '63. (MIRA 17:2)

SALTYKOV, P.I.; SPODYRYAK, N.T.

Heat exchange in ring ducts with external radiation. Izv. AN Kazakh. SSR. Ser.tekh. i khim.nauk no.3:77-86 '64. (MIRA 17:2)

SPODYRYAK, N.T., kand. tekhn. nauk; RUDENKO, I.M., inzh.

Efficient design of small water heating boilers. From. energ.

(MTRA 17:11)

19 no.8:6-11 Åg '64.

L 45121-66 FMT(1) WW SOURCE CODE: UR/3149/66/000/003/0148/0152 ACC NR: AT6023752 AUTHOR: Spodyrysk, N. T.; Agureykin, S. S. ORG: none TITLE: Heat transfer and resistance in a curvilinear channel with a radiation absorbing surface SOURCE: Alma-Ata. Kazakhskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut energetiki. Problemy teploenergetiki i prikladnoy teplofiziki, no. 3, 1966, 148-152 TOPIC TAGS: radiative heat transfer, hydraulic resistance ABSTRACT: With specific heat loads of 50,000 to 80,000 kcal/m2-hr, reliable cooling of the walls of a radiation type air heater can be achieved only if the heat transfer coefficient from the wall to the air is from 150 to 200 kcal/m²-hr-°C. It is possible to attain these high heat transfer coefficients only by increasing the flow rate substantially and, consequently, also the hydraulic resistance in the air loop. In some cases, this is not economic. The article gives the results of 100 experiments at an average wall temperature of 600-940°C. The flow rate was varied from 15 to 61 meters/sec. The temperature of the heated air Card 1/2

L 45121-66

ACC NR: AT6023752

at an outlet of the channel was from 560 to 840°C. The experimental points fell with an accuracy of + 10% around a curve described by the equation:  $Nu = 0.053 Re^{0.8}$ .

The experimental data were worked up with respect to the friction coefficient for isothermal flow. Here, the points fell satisfactorily along a line with the equation: { 0.234 Re0,185

In general, in a range of Reynolds numbers from 40,000 to 200,000, it was found that the friction resistance in a curvilinear channel (for d/R = 0.38), in isothermal flow, was 48 to 63% higher than in a straight tube of equivalent diameter, and that it depended less on the Reynolds number. Orig. art. has: 3 formulas, 5 figures, and 1 table.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 002

mjs Card 2/2

Inst

Title

: Magnetic Method of Obtaining Lowest Temperatures.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001652720017-0"

Abstract : Translation of an article, containing a description of an experiment on nuclear adiabatic demagnetization (Referat Zhur Fizika, 1957, No 3, 6365).

Card : 1/1

Case of extensive one-stage intestinal resection in volvulus.

Khirurgiia, Sofia 9 no.6:548 1956.

(INTESTINAL OBSTRUCTION, surgery,
extensive one-stage resection in volvulus (Bul))

SPOKOYNAYA, R.S., inzhener; POPOVA, A.M.

Small belts and light rollers from polyvinyl chloride. Tekst.prom. (MLRA 7:5)

14 no.2:44 F \*54. (Belts and belting)

SPOKOYNAYA, V.A., kand.med.nauk.

Casuistics of rhinolites. Zhur.ush., nos. i gorl.bol.23 no.3183 My-Je '63. (MIRA 16-7)

1. Iz kafedry bolezney ukha, gorla i nosa imeni prof. A.I.Zimina (zav.-dotsent A.Ya.Chebotarev) Novokuznetskogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey.

(NOSE-DISFASES) (CALCULI)

SPOKOYNTT, Ye.Te., inzh.; VAYMER, A.L., inzh.; CHAPLIK, Z.M., inzh.

Semiconductor thermostat for radioelectronic systems. Khol. tekh.
i tekh. no.1:16-18 '65.

(MIRA 18:9)

SPOLARICH, J.; BARIA, E.

Electron microscope in the service of wool research. p. 382. Magyar Texiltechnika, Vol. 10, no. 8, Aug. 1955

Source: East European Accessions List, (EEAL), Lc, Vol. 5, No. 2, Feb. 1956

SPOLC, Miroslav, MUDr.; SPOUSTA, Josef, MUDr.

Carcinoma of the ileum in a 29-year-old patient. Cas. lek. cesk. 94 no.50:1379 9 Dec 55.

 OUNZ Cesky Krumlov, luzkova cast chir. odd. (ILEUM, neoplasms, in young adult)

MEDNE, N.A.; SPOLE, K.K.; SKARIS, G.V.; MAGALIF, N.I.

Control of the use of paraaminosalicylic acid by tuberculosis patients during ambulatory treatment. Probl. tub. 41 no.5:43-44 '63. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Iz Krustpilsskogo rayonnogo protivotuberkuleznogo dispansera (glavnyy vrach N.A. Medne), Latviyskoy SSR.

SPOLITAK, I., gornyy master; OTT, V., mashinist ekskavatora; PISKUNOV, V.

Let's give more iron ore to our industry. Sov. profsoiuzy 6 no.12: 29-31 S '58. (MIRA 11:9)

1. Chleny tsekhovogo komiteta Sokolovskogo rudnika, g. Rudnay,
Kustanayskaya oblast'. 2. Nachal'nik planovogo byuro Sokolovskogo
rudnika, g. Rudnay, Kustanayskaya oblast' (for Piskunov)
(Rudnyy--Iron mines and mining)

ROMADAN, I.A.; SPOLITE, R.

Certain derivatives of alkyl toluenes. Zhur.ob.khim. 33 no.12: (MIRA 17:3)

1. Rizhskiy politekhnicheskiy institut.

SPOLITIS, A. K.

SPOLITIS, A. K. — "Biology of Blooming and Fecundization of Latvian Yellow Egg Plum." Latvian Agricultural Academy, 1951. In Latvian (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate of Agricultural Sciences)

SO: Izvestiya Ak. Nauk Latviyskov SSR, No. 9, Sept. 1955

- 1. SPOLITIS, A.
- 2. USSR (600)
- li. Plum Latvia
- 7. Development of flower buds on the Latvian yellow egg plum trees. Latv. PRS Zin. Akad. Vestis 5, 1951.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, January 1953, Unclassified.

SPOLITIS, A.

Winter resistance of fruit tre s. p. 37.

BIOLOGICHESKAIA NAUKA: SELSKOMU I LESNUMU KHOZIASTVU. (Latvijas PSR Zinatnu akademija. Biologijas zinatnu nodala) Riga, Latvia, No. 3, 1957.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 8, August 1959. Uncla.

SPOLITIS, A.; RCFANOVSKAIA, O.

Prospective sorts of the people's selection of fruit cultures. p. hl.

BI LOGICHESKATA NAUKA; SELSKOMU I LESNUMU KHOZIASTVU. (Latvijas PSR Zinatnu akademija. Biologijas zinatnu nodala) Riga, Latvia, No. 3, 1957.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 8, August 1959.
Uncla.

SPOLITIS, Anton Karlovich; ROMANOVSKAYA, Ol'ga Ivanovna; KARKLIN, Yan Yanovich [Karklinš, Janis]; KRYLOVA, N., red.; BOKMAN, R., tekhn. red.

[Local fruit varieties in the Latvian S.S.R.] Sorta narodnoi selektsii plodovykh kul'tur Latviiskoi SSR. Riga, Izd-vo Akad. nauk Latviiskoi SSR, 1957. 96 p. (MIRA 14:11) (Latvia-Fruit-Varieties)

Chiling A.

Te shall plant orchards of drupaceous trees by rooting.

F. 20 (Faborat Marijas Kolodozhiteks) Riga, Latvia Vol. 9, No. 6, June 1957

SO: Monthly Index of East European Acessions (ALEI) Vol. 6, No. 11 November 1957.

OZOLS, A., akademik, otv. red.; PETERSONS, E., kand. sel'khoz. nauk, red.; ROMANOVSKA, O., kand. sel'khoz. nauk, red.; SPOLITIS, A., kand. sel'khoz. nauk, red.; ZUMBERGA, M., red.; PILADZE, Z., tekhn. red.

[Possibilities of improving the winter hardiness and frost resistance of plants] Augus ziemcietiba, aikstumizturiba un to kapinasanas iespejas. Riga, Latvijas PSR Zinatnu akad. izdevnieciba, 1962. 186 p. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Latvijas Padomju Socialistiskas Republikas Zinatnu Akademija. Biologijas instituts. 2. Akademiya nauk Latviyskoy SSSR (for Ozols). (Plants—Frost resistance)

ROMANOVSKAYA, O.; SPOLITIS, A.; STRAUME, O.

Effect of physiologically active substances on the growth and development of fruit plants. Izv. AN Latv. SSR no.10: 71-76 '63. (MIRA 17:1)

l. Institut biologii AN Latviyskoy SSR.

STULHOFER, Mladen, dr.; HERGEG, Zlatko, dr.; SLIJEPCEVIC, Sinisa, dr.; MARKOVIC, Dusan, dr.; BLAGOVIC, Stjepan, dr.; RAKULJIC, Iwan, dr.; SPOLJAR, Ivan

A battery-operated cardiac stimulator of domestic production and its use in open heart surgery. Lijecn. vjesn. 85 no.7: 721-727 \*63.

1. Iz Kirurskog odjela Opce bolnice "Dra O. Novosela", Instituta "Ruder Boskovic" i Kirurske klinike Veterinarskog fakulteta u Zagrebu.

(HEART SURGERY) (ELECTROTHERAPY)
(EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES)

0

 SPOLJAR, M.

PEGAN, B.; SPOLJAR, M.

Marly diagnosis and modern therapy of malignant tumors of the upper jaw and nose. Radovi Med. fak. Vol.1:112-119 1953.

1. Otorinolaringoloska klinika (predstojnik: akademik prof. dr. B.Gusic) i Radioloski institut Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu (predstojnik: prof. M.Smokvina)

(MAXILIA, neoplams
\*early diag. & ther.)
(NOSE, neoplasms
\*early diag. & ther.)

SPOLJAR, MILAN

### SPOLJAR, Milan

General problems in detection and treatment of the cancer of the larynx and pharynx in Yugoslavia. Radovi Med. fak. Vol.1:35-39 1954.

1. Iz Zavoda za rentgenologiju i radium-terapiju Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu (predstojnik prof. dr. Milan Smokvina primljeno 2.II.1954)

(LARYMX, neoplasms
\*detection & there in Yugosl.)
(PHARYMX, neoplasms
\*detection & there in Yugosl.)

# SPOLJAR, Milan Badiotherapy of cancer of the pharynx, Badovi Ned. fak. Vol.1: 40-62 1954. 1. Iz Zavoda za rentgenologiju i radium terapiju Nedicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu (predstojnik prof. dr. Milan Smokvina; priljeno 2. II. 1954) (PHARIM, neoplasus \*radiother.) (RADIOTHERAPY, in various dis. \*cancer of pharynx)

SPOLJAR, Milan, Dr.

Analysis of a tangential technic of postoperative radiotherapy of breast neoplasms by dosage determination at critical points. Rad Jugosl. akad. znan., odjel med. 5:55-83 (Rad 307) 1955.

 Iz Radioloskog instituta Medicinskog fakulteta Sveucilista u Zagrebu (Predstojnik prof. dr. M. Smokvina). (NEOPLASMS)

(BREAST NEOPLASMS, ther.
radiother., determ. of surface-doses by measuring at
critical points (Ser))

SPOLJAR, Milan, Dr.

The newest methods of treatment of neoplasms with isotopes.
Lijec. vjes. 77 no.5-7:274-285 May-July 55.

1. Iz Zavoda za rentgenologiju i radium terapiju Medicinskog fakulteta.

(ISOTOPES, ther. use,
neoplasms, indic. & methods (Ser))

(NEOPLASMS, ther.
isotopes, indic. & methods (Ser))

SPOLJAR, Milan; PREMUZIC, Branko; GORKIC, Daroslava; KONSTANTINOVIC, Miodrag; GASPAR, Branko

Cutaneous reactions to superficial applications of beta rays emitted by radium and radioactive strontium. Rad. med. fak. Zagreb 9 no.1:93-97

(SKIN radiation eff) (RADIUM)
(STRONTIUM radioactive)

# APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001652720017-0"

YUGOSLAVIA

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De vitae 110 des per D. Stoke Kulcak, Department of Oncology and destinant, , Francisco Seculty (institut se enkelogiju i radicterapiju Maritanskog Sekulteta) and Department of Chronic Diseases and Cancer of Sease Sestiouse Se Public Seath (Odjel za kronicne bolesti i rak Manubillekog zavoda za zastiru zdravija), Zagreb

"The Batrie Againes Gancer to the People's Republic of Greatia."

Eng. ob. ht jeenichi Pleonie, Vol 64, No 10, Oct 1962; pp 985-593.

Absorant /English summary modified; : Current data indicate a mornality from all types of caucer in Groutia to be 100 per 100,000 but it is naturally probably classe to 120. Of 2,205 men who died from especar in Crostia in 1900, 23.5% were gaskric, 20.7% breachapulmonary; of 2,103 mornas, 71.6% gastric, 19.3% uterine, 10.6% breast; of 2,776 male betai climations, 15.2% gastric, 14% pulmonary, 12% latkeria; of 4,375 mornas, 22.3% observe carvical, 15% breast. Five tables, 4 lagosley, 6 heatern references.

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SPOLJAR, Milan, dr.

Role of general practitioners in early cancer detection. Lijecn. vjesn. 85 no.5:537-540 463.

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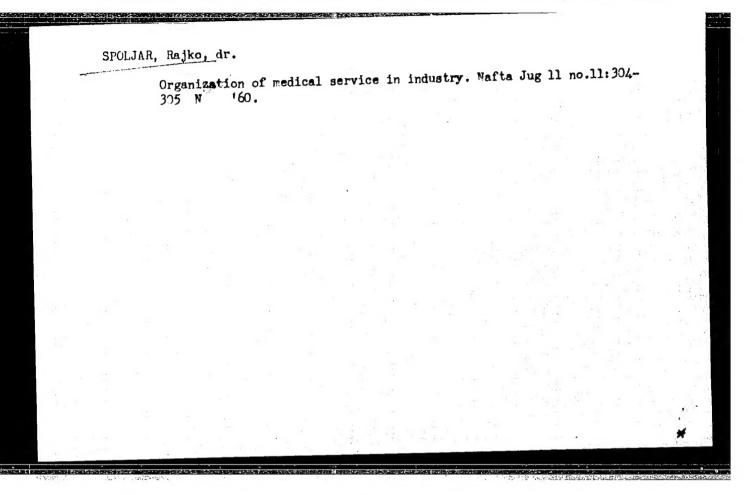
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77322 SOV/57-30-1-1/18

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TITLE:

Dispersion Properties of a Coaxial Helical Line

Immersed in a Magnetodielectric

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal tekhnicheskoy fiziki, 1960, Vol 30, Nr 1,

pp 3-14 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

It is of interest to investigate the dispersion properties of a coaxial helical line immersed in a dielectric, using as the basic approximation the Floquet theorem for periodical structures.

is bound to assume that current in the helix satisfies the general requirements of the theorem, except that

the compulsion factor is arbitrary. The authors obtain solution for normal waves using the requirement

that they should not allow either the active or the reactive power to escape beyond the surface of the current strip. They show that in specified limit-

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ing cases the newly developed and then simplified

Dispersion Properties of a Coaxial Helical Line Immersed in a Magnetodielectric 77322 SOV/57-30-1-1/18

equation agrees with the solutions known previously in literature. The system in question consists of an infinitely thin helical strip placed inside a cylindrical waveguide. A magnetodielectric of dielectric constant  $\mathcal{E}_1$  and magnetic permeability  $\mathcal{H}_1$  is placed inside the helix. Between the helix and the waveguide is magnetodielectric with  $\mathcal{E}_2$  and  $\mathcal{H}_2$ . Radius of the helix is a; d is its period; b, width of the helical strip;  $\mathcal{H}_1$ , winding angle of the helix; and c, radius of the waveguide. According to the Floquet theorem, the linear current density on the strip must satisfy the recurring relations:

 $K(a, \theta, z+d) = \operatorname{const} K(a, \theta, z),$  (1)

where the constant is independent of coordinates. Because of symmetry along the helical path

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